The paper summarizes the arguments for a scientific discussion on solving the problem of improving the efficiency of the enterprise in the context of social and economic security of the state. The main purpose of the study is to evaluate the effectiveness of the enterprise and on its basis to identify innovative measures and methods, effective marketing tools to improve it. The systematization of literary sources and scientific approaches showed that, based on a comprehensive assessment of the activity of the enterprise, there remained several unsolved problems regarding the improvement of the social and economic security of the state. The urgency of solving this scientific problem lies in ensuring social and economic security that is an extremely important problem in the current conditions of the country's development. Methodical tools of the study are such methods as a logical generalization, systematic, comparison, mathematical calculations, graphical, method of expert assessments. The study period is 2014-2018. The object of the study is the sanatorium and resort enterprise since the social and economic security of the state on the micro-level is formed based on the activity of such enterprises. The research of the identified problem in the paper is carried out in the following logical sequence. The significance of the activity of enterprises as an integral part in shaping the country's economy in market conditions is outlined. The important role of domestic enterprises in ensuring the employment of the country's population, the formation of social relations and support of social stability, the social and economic security of the state at the micro-level is noted. The problems of provision of enterprises economic development as a component of socioeconomic security of the state in need of research are highlighted. The list of risks, which domestic enterprises are subjected to in daily activity, is described. It is noted that the economic development of enterprises is one of the components of securing social and economic security of the country at the micro-level. In this context, the theoretical basis for the formation of economic security of enterprises is investigated based on the evaluation of the efficiency of the activity on the example of sanatorium and resort institutions. An evaluation of the efficiency of activity of sanatorium-resort enterprises from the standpoint of the economic entity efficiency based on the calculation of integral index and directly by consumers with the help of an expert method is conducted. Based on the estimation of the integral coefficient of efficiency of the sanatorium and resort services provision on the example of the past five years, the unevenness of the fluctuations of the main economic indicators of activity, reduction of the coefficient of financial and economic activity efficiency has been proved. Based on surveys of consumers, the average mark of the effectiveness for the provided sanatorium services was set at 3.7 points, which at the five-point scale proves the need for improving the activity of sanatorium and resort facilities under present conditions and developing special events using effective instruments stimulating the development of such enterprises. To significantly improve the efficiency of sanatorium and resort enterprises and the impact on the improvement of social and economic security in the country, a set of actions and marketing tools based on the innovative technologies at the enterprise, regional and state level. The results of the conducted research can be used by sanatorium and resort establishments in practical activity and public authorities, local self-government bodies at the level of regions.
and territorial communities in developing projects of development of territories and taking measures to ensure social and economic security in the country.

**Keywords:** economic security, efficiency, measures, innovative approaches, marketing tools, assessment, sanatorium and resort establishments, social and economic security.

**Introduction.** The activity of the enterprises and their development is an important component of the economy of our country in market conditions. Domestic enterprises play an important role in ensuring employment of the country’s population, forming public relations and supporting social stability. The functioning of enterprises in any country is extremely important for the social and economic importance because the provision of social and economic security at the micro level depends on the level of their development. It is important to note that economic security and stability are the greatest challenges in the crisis world (Wysokinska-Senkus and Senkus, 2015; Wysokinska-Senkus and Raczkowski, 2013). The «Circle of Sustainability» physics provides a relatively simple view to the stability of a specific city, urban settlement or region. The circled figure is divided into four areas: ecology, economics, politics and culture (James, 2015). The basis of a sustainable economy is effective enterprises activity. The effective activity of enterprises forms not only economic safety but also the social one. After all, security has two dimensions: negative, threats and risks, and positive – opportunities, income and social security (Navidnia, 2009). Economic security and the Welfare Index are also combined by American scholars who argue that problems such as employment, income, poverty, education, health, crime and violence are interconnected (Mason et al., 2013). Forming the processes of targeted improvement in the activity of the enterprises in the light of new challenges, the strategy aims to provide components of social and economic security and analysis of risk elements (Wysokinska-Senkus and Senkus, 2013). Experience has shown that the importance and impact on the development of enterprises in economically developed countries are to provide innovative effects based on the introduction of innovations. Innovation factor is considered as the dominant factor of stable development considering restrictions in the internal and external business environment (Dudin et al., 2014). The dynamics of socio-economic development and the quality of its reflection at the macro and micro level is determined by innovation itself (Dudin et al., 2013). Innovation development and social stability of the economic system of the region are also interconnected (Pakulina, 2015).

**Literature Review.** An analysis of the world trends in the development of economies, the scientific and technological process of interaction of world integration proves the need to highlight the key drivers of economic security (Reshetova and Krutik, 2011). An assessment of the security of the country is impossible without identifying the retrospective development of economic entities. Researches were conducted in this direction by several other foreign scientists. It has been proved that the change in the level of economic security in the countries shows a reduction in their economic development during the years of the economic crisis (Grigoreva and Fesina, 2013; Grigoreva and Garifova, 2015). Among the domestic scientists, who studied the problems of the enterprises’ development in the context of providing the economic security of the state, were: T. Vasylytsiv and S. Hrynkevych (2015), L. Kurhuzenkova (2016), O. Didchenko (2012), S. Vasylchak and O. Halachenko (2016). The conducted researches have been devoted mainly to the problems of providing economic security as subjects of management as well as the state, which is a component of social and economic security. Despite the number of studies conducted and the publication of their results, the problems of securing the economic development of enterprises as a forming component of the social and economic security of the state remain unresolved. Therefore, the purpose and subject of this paper is a study of the impact of enterprise effectiveness on the social and economic security of the state based on the assessment as one of the innovative approaches.

The importance of evaluating the efficiency and functioning of the system of economic security (SES) for enterprises was highlighted by S. Kavun, D. Caleta, M. Vrsec, R. Brumnik, where conceptual principles and model basis are based on some real indicators of a functioning enterprise (Kavun et al., 2013). The
works of Armosha et al., 2016; Bezchasnyi, 2018; Bezchasnyi et al., 2018; Bilan et al., 2019; Boiko et al., 2019; Dalevska et al., 2019; Dzwigol and Dzwigol-Barosz, 2018; Dzwigol et al., 2019; Kaminska, 2018; Kunze, 2012; Kuzior et al., 2019; Kwilinski, 2018a; 2018b; 2019; Kwilinski et al., 2019; Lyulyov et al., 2018; Lyulyov and Shvindina, 2017; Lyulyov and Pimonenko, 2017; Pajak et al., 2016; 2017; Savchenko et al., 2019; Tarasova, 2018; Tkachenko et al., 2019a; 2019b; 2019c; 2019d; Vasylieva et al., 2018; Zaloznova and Trushkina, 2017; and other, also had a particular impact on the innovative approaches to assessment of marketing tools for improving enterprise performance in the context of social and economic security of the state.

Methodology and research methods. Methodical tools of the study are such methods as a logical generalization, systematic, comparison, mathematical calculations, graphical, method of expert assessments. For the development of domestic enterprises, regardless of the organizational form and direction of specialization, they are exposed to various risks and threats in their daily activity. They can include manufacturing, technological, environmental, financial, personnel and others. All possible risks and threats to a greater or lesser extent have a negative impact on economic performance and the result on the economy, social situation and its social and economic security. After all, the economic development of the enterprises is one of the components of securing the social and economic security of the country. The functioning of business entities, the formation of relations between them and other structures, with international partners determine most risks and dangers for the national economic system. In the context of this, we support the views of researchers T. Vasylytsiv and S. Hrynkeyvych concerning the fact that solution of problems and ensuring the economic security of entrepreneurship as a component of the national social and economic security in countries that are just developing their economies, which include and Ukraine, deserves special attention (Vasylytsiv and Hrynkeyvych, 2015).

Exploring the chronology of the development of the term «social and economic security», it is worthwhile to note that it was singled out as a separate direction of economic security at the end of the past and the beginning of the present century. Taking into account the interpretation of domestic scientists (Kurhuzenkova, 2016; Didchenko, 2012), it is possible to distinguish the following features of the essence of the economic security of enterprise: the absence of threats and dangers, effective activity that ensure the economic development of the enterprise and its competitiveness, prevention of the negative impact of external and internal factors. As has already been mentioned above, the key to the economic security of the enterprise is its economic status. An assessment of the efficiency of functioning of the enterprise and its impact on the country's social and economic security was studied on the example of sanatorium and resort institutions of Vinnytsia region. In this context, the effectiveness of the sanatorium and resort enterprises has been determined from the position of:

1) efficiency of the business entity, in this case, the sanatorium and resort institution;
2) consumers directly.

The efficiency of providing sanatorium and resort services for each separate sanatorium and resort institution was determined based on the integral indicator by the formula:

\[
K_{\text{eff prov}} = \frac{K_{\text{eff fin}} + K_{\text{eff grant}} + K_{\text{eff bp}}}{3}
\]

where \(K_{\text{eff prov}}\) – coefficient of efficiency for the provision of sanatorium and health resorts services; \(K_{\text{eff fin}}\) – coefficient of efficiency for financial and economic activity of the business subject; \(K_{\text{eff grant}}\) – coefficient of efficiency for granting medicinal, preventive and rehabilitation services; \(K_{\text{eff bp}}\) – coefficient of efficiency of using bed places in sanatorium and resort establishment.

Results. The results of calculating the integral coefficient of efficiency for providing sanatorium and resort services on the example of the enterprise (to reduce the risk of enterprise's image of the company, the authors have beheaded the name of the company.)
According to the results of research and titles, please contact the authors) for the last five years taking into account the initial data of statistical and financial reporting (Accounting and financial reporting of the enterprise for 2014-2018,) prove uneven fluctuations of the main economic indicators where the amount of profits is reduced and the cost of the provided sanatorium and resort services is increasing. As a result, the coefficient of efficiency for financial and economic activity of the sanatorium-resort establishment has decreased from 0,201 to 0,039 (Figure 1).

![Figure 1. The coefficient of efficiency of financial and economic activity of the sanatorium and resort establishment](http://mmi.fem.sumdu.edu.ua/en)

Source: Calculated by the author based on Accounting and financial reporting of the enterprise for 2014-2018.

The number of clients greatly reduced in the years 2014-2015 which is associated with political and, as derivative, economic processes happened in our country. However, the number of patients of the given health-improving institution, starting from 2016, is growing a bit of what is associated with an increase of the sick in rehabilitation profile. During the period of study, the number of recovered with stable results of treatment and rehabilitation increases which positively affects the improvement of the coefficient for the efficiency of treatment and prevention and rehabilitation services provision (from 0.801 in 2014 to 0.875 in 2018) (Figure 2).

![Figure 2. The coefficient of effectiveness of providing medicinal, preventive and rehabilitation services](http://mmi.fem.sumdu.edu.ua/en)

Source: Calculated by the author based on Accounting and financial reporting of the enterprise for 2014-2018.
The average duration term of recovery is reduced. The coefficient of efficiency for bed places use varies from 0.809 in 2014 to 0.926 in 2018. The lowest value for the years 2014-2015 is 0.809 and 0.862 respectively (Figure 3).

![Figure 3. The coefficient of efficiency of the bed places use in the sanatorium and resort institution](image)

Source: Calculated by the author based on Accounting and financial reporting of the enterprise for 2014-2018.

The performed calculations show that despite the improvement of the coefficient of efficiency for medicinal, preventive and rehabilitation services provision and the coefficient of the efficiency for the use of bed places in the sanatorium and resort establishments, the coefficient of efficiency for providing sanatorium and resort services at the enterprise for the period of 2014-2018 decreased into 0.061 compared with the base 2014 (Figure 4).

![Figure 4. The coefficient of efficiency of sanatorium and resort services providing](image)

Source: Calculated by the author based on Accounting and financial reporting of the enterprise for 2014-2018.
Shown in the table testifies the deterioration of the performance of health-improving establishment functioning that needs the development of the special measures and use of effective tools for stimulation of sanatorium and resort services development (Table 1).

### Table 1. Assessment of the effectiveness of the sanatorium and resort services providing on the example of the enterprise interface

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Formula for calculation</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Coefficient of efficiency for the financial and business activity of sanatorium and resort establishment</td>
<td>Profit/cost of services sold</td>
<td>0.201</td>
<td>0.143</td>
<td>0.072</td>
<td>0.047</td>
<td>0.039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Coefficient of effectiveness for provision of medicinal, preventive and rehabilitation services</td>
<td>Number of healed people with sustainable results of treatment and rehabilitation / Number of consumers of sanatorium and resort services in a health-improving establishment</td>
<td>0.801</td>
<td>0.812</td>
<td>0.843</td>
<td>0.87</td>
<td>0.875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Coefficient of efficiency for use of bed places in the sanatorium and resort institution</td>
<td>Number of healed people in recalculation onto the bed-days spent in the sanatorium and resort institution / Number of bed-days based on the number of beds in the sanatorium and resort institution</td>
<td>0.809</td>
<td>0.862</td>
<td>0.910</td>
<td>0.913</td>
<td>0.926</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Coefficient of efficiency for providing sanatorium and resort services</td>
<td>Calculated by formula 1</td>
<td>0.604</td>
<td>0.606</td>
<td>0.608</td>
<td>0.606</td>
<td>0.543</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Calculated by the author based on Accounting and financial reporting of the enterprise for 2014-2018.

Assessment of the relative efficiency and quality of sanatorium and resort services provision from the position of the consumer also has important meaning where interests of the user himself act as important questions in the evaluation. The efficiency of providing services by sanatorium and resort institutions is reached if consumer spending his/her time and money received services that improved his/her health condition, physical and spiritual possibilities (Vasylchak and Halachenko, 2016). Since the quantitative assessment of the effectiveness of sanatorium and resort services through the subjective assessment of the consumer is difficult, the study used an expert method where the insiders were clients of the health-improving institution (Halachenko, 2016; Vasylchak et al., 2017). Based on the consumer survey on the five-point scale, we summarized the overall results of all questionnaires that were distributed among the visitors of the health-improving institutions while and after treatment was completed and returned to the reception. Medium mark of the efficiency for the sanatorium and resort services provided was calculated by the consumers’ responses totality using the formula:

\[
Q_{cep} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{n} S_j}{\sum_{m=1}^{n} S_j} \times \text{E} \quad (2)
\]

where \(Q_{cep} \) – the average rating of the results of consumers poll; \(S_j \) – the sum of points got from the \(j\)th consumer for the \(i\)th question in the questionnaire, score; \(m \) – the number of sanatorium and resort services users who were involved in monitoring, units; \(n \) – the number of questions that were included into the
questionnaire, units. By the results of the calculations, the medium mark of the efficiency of the provided sanatorium and resort services in the whole population of respondents was 3.7 points, which proves the need to improve the activity of the sanatorium and resort establishments in the present day that could ultimately affect the improvement of social and economic security in the country.

Conclusions. Based on the study it can be considered that according to economic assessments, the effectiveness of sanatorium and resort enterprises is not high and requires the adoption of innovative measures and methods, effective marketing tools for improvement. Among them, it is possible to offer a set of actions at the level of the enterprise itself, at the level of the region and the state. At the level of the health-improving establishments, it is expedient to improve the quality of the sanatorium and resort services, expand their spectrum and optimization of cost to the level of the given parameters, production of sanatorium and resort services based on the latest technologies and medical innovations, optimization of costs and terms of medicinal, preventive and rehabilitation services provision to balance the solvency of demand and supply; the use of marketing tools such as branding, trends of social media marketing, system-reflexive marketing which will improve the predictability of business processes, promotion of sanatorium, awareness of health-improving establishment on the service market, its brand and will enhance its image. At the level of the region, in the context of decentralization, it is expedient to develop the territories of resort development projects, implement global experience of financial support for small and medium enterprises based on innovative technologies in the sphere of resort activity, take innovative measures to improve the infrastructure of resorts, increase their investment attractiveness.

The adoption of legislative and regulatory acts by public authorities to improve the sanatorium and resort enterprises activity, the introduction of budget support mechanism and the mechanism of financial compensation of the cost of sanatorium and resort vouchers by social fund insurance, organization of the system of state information support including at the international level, should be the main approaches at the macro level. Offered measures, methods and marketing tools based on innovative technologies will significantly increase the efficiency of sanatorium and resort enterprises, which will affect the improvement of social and economic security in the country. The authors suggest that the results of the study can be used by sanatorium and resort enterprises in practice and by public authorities, local government bodies at the level of regions and territorial communities when developing territorial development projects and taking measures to ensure social and economic security in the country.


References


Стаття узагальнює аргументи щодо наукової дискусії із вирішення проблеми покращення ефективності діяльності підприємства в контексті соціально-економічної безпеки держави. Основою методу дослідження є проведення оцінки ефективності діяльності підприємства і на її основі визначення інноваційних заходів та методів, діячів, які визначають ефективність діяльності підприємства. Інструменти підвищення ефективності використанням послуг доведено коефіцієнтом безпосередньо взаимного експлуатації підприємств.

Відзначено, описано підприємств різних мікрорівнів декількох мікрорівнів у контексті соціально-економічної безпеки держави. Дослідження у контексті соціально-економічної безпеки - це важлива проблема, яка потребує детального аналізу.

Основною ефективності підходи інноваційні до:

- ефективності діяльності підприємства;
- ефективності діяльності підприємства в контексті соціально-економічної безпеки держави;
- ефективності діяльності підприємства у контексті соціально-економічної безпеки держави.

Дослідження в контексті соціально-економічної безпеки проводяться на підставі вивчення матеріалів з внутрішніх та зовнішніх джерел.

Ключові слова: маркетинг, інструменти, інновації, ефективність, санаторно-курортні заклади, соціально-економічна безпека, заходи.

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